## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

WILLIAM WAYNE LAUBE, #01838241	§	
	§	
VS.	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 4:16cv313
	§	
DIRECTOR, TDCJ-CID	§	

## **ORDER OF DISMISSAL**

Petitioner William Wayne Laube, an inmate confined in the Texas prison system, proceeding *pro se*, brings this petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. The petition was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Kimberly C. Priest Johnson, who issued a Report and Recommendation (Dkt. #21) concluding that it should be denied. Laube has filed a Motion for Reconsideration (Dkt. #23) and Notice of Appeal (Dkt. #24), which collectively are construed as objections.

Laube is in custody pursuant to Collin County convictions for indecency with a child by contact and indecency with a child by exposure. On January 25, 2013, after a jury trial, he was sentenced to twenty years of imprisonment for indecency with a child by contact and ten years of imprisonment for indecency with a child by exposure, with the sentences running concurrently. The convictions were affirmed. *Laube v. State*, No. 05-13-00242-CR, 2014 WL 2993823 (Tex. App. - Dallas June 30, 2014, no pet.).

In the present petition, Laube argues that he is entitled to relief based on ineffective assistance of counsel at trial and on appeal. The Magistrate Judge carefully reviewed each claim and correctly explained why they lack merit.

In his objections, Laube claims there has been a fundamental miscarriage of justice, that his conviction was fundamentally unfair, and that he was convicted in violation of the Fourteenth

Amendment. He also repeats his claim that counsel was ineffective. Laube, however, has offered

nothing other than conclusory allegations and bald assertions, which are insufficient to support a

petition for a writ of habeas corpus. See Miller v. Johnson, 200 F.3d 274, 282 (5th Cir. 2000); Koch

v. Puckett, 907 F.2d 524, 530 (5th Cir. 1990); Ross v. Estelle, 694 F.2d 1008, 1011 (5th Cir. 1983).

He further complains that he was not provided a copy of the state court records, but the Director

correctly explained that he was not entitled to a copy of the records. Sixta v. Thaler, 615 F.3d 569, 573

(5th Cir. 2010). Finally, he asks for a certificate of appealability, but he has not shown that a certificate

of appealability is warranted in this case.

The Report of the Magistrate Judge, which contains her proposed findings of fact and

recommendations for the disposition of such action, has been presented for consideration, and having

made a de novo review of the objections raised by Laube to the Report, the Court is of the opinion that

the findings and conclusions of the Magistrate Judge are correct and Laube's objections are without

merit. Therefore, the Court hereby adopts the findings and conclusions of the Magistrate Judge as the

findings and conclusions of the Court.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that the petition for a writ of habeas corpus is **DENIED** and

the case is **DISMISSED** with prejudice. A certificate of appealability is **DENIED**. All motions not

previously ruled on are hereby **DENIED**.

SIGNED this 26th day of July, 2019.

AMOS L. MAZZANT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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